

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent urine; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

**DISPOSITION:** December 13, 1950. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be sold for use as animal feed, and that it be prepared for such use under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

**16954. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 53 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 29914. Sample No. 76823-K.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** October 3, 1950, Western District of Tennessee.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about August 2, 1950, from Louisville, Ky.

**PRODUCT:** 53 100-pound bags of flour at Memphis, Tenn.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

**DISPOSITION:** December 4, 1950. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a public institution for conversion into stock feed, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

**16955. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 39 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 29847. Sample No. 81576-K.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** October 24, 1950, District of New Jersey.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about July 24, 1950, from Buffalo, N. Y.

**PRODUCT:** 39 100-pound bags of flour at Trenton, N. J.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

**DISPOSITION:** December 4, 1950. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

**16956. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 27 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 29926. Sample No. 85841-K.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** On or about October 11, 1950, Eastern District of Louisiana.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about June 1, 1950, from Seattle, Wash.

**PRODUCT:** 27 100-pound bags of flour at New Orleans, La.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. It was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

**DISPOSITION:** December 4, 1950. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

**16957. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 49 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 29877. Sample No. 81878-K.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** November 15, 1950, Southern District of Florida.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about July 12, 1950, from Springfield, Ill.

PRODUCT: 49 25-pound bags of flour at West Palm Beach, Fla.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: January 10, 1951. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

16958. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 9 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 30123. Sample No. 75282-K.)

LABEL FILED: November 13, 1950, District of Colorado.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 21, 1950, from Ogden, Utah.

PRODUCT: 9 100-pound bags of flour at Denver, Colo., in possession of the Rocky Mountain Mercantile Co.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent urine; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: January 4, 1951. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be sold for use as animal feed, and that it be prepared for such use under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

16959. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 28 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 29803. Sample No. 82074-K.)

LABEL FILED: October 18, 1950, Southern District of Florida.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 14, 1950, from Enid, Okla.

PRODUCT: 28 25-pound bags of flour at Tampa, Fla.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: November 30, 1950. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a Federal institution, for use as animal feed.

16960. Adulteration of self-rising flour and phosphated flour. U. S. v. 43 Bags, etc. (F. D. C. No. 29798. Sample Nos. 82066-K to 82069-K, incl.)

LABEL FILED: October 11, 1950, Southern District of Florida.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 30, June 24, and July 29, 1950, from Salina, Kans., and Enid, Okla.

PRODUCT: 134 25-pound bags of self-rising flour and 82 25-pound bags of phosphated flour at Tampa, Fla.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the products consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of insects. The products were adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: November 20, 1950. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the products be delivered to a Federal institution, for use as animal feed.